

2025

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2025-01-12_10-10-55 <https://follow.is/> - Follow your favorites in one inbox

“As they say, your thoughts are what you read—and we’ve been consuming noisy feeds for too long! Follow organizes content into one timeline, keeping you updated on what matters, noise-free. Share lists, explore collections, and enjoy distraction-free browsing.

2025-01-17_20-54-34 <https://docs.rsshub.app/deploy/config#access-control-configurations>

Access Key/Code

- `ACCESS_KEY`: the access key. When set, access via the key directly or the access code described above

Access code is the md5 generated based on the access key + route, eg:

Access key	Route	Generating access code	Access code
ILoveRSSHub	/qdaily/column/59	md5('/qdaily/column/59' + 'ILoveRSSHub')	0f820530128805ffc10351f22b5fd121

- Routes are accessible via `code`, eg:
`https://rsshub.app/qdaily/column/59?code=0f820530128805ffc10351f22b5fd121`
- Or using `key` directly, eg: `https://rsshub.app/qdaily/column/59?key=ILoveRSSHub`

Healthcheck Configuration

When `ACCESS_KEY` is enabled, the `healthcheck` endpoint also requires authentication.

For a Docker Compose deployment, you'll need to update the `healthcheck` configuration in your `docker-compose.yml` to include the access key or access code parameter.

The recommended configuration is:

```
healthcheck:
- test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost:1200/healthz"]
+ test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost:1200/healthz?key=${ACCESS_KEY}"]
```